4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



November 5, 2009

Bel Power, Inc., a subsidiary of Bel Fuse, Inc.

SLIN-12E1Ax

RoHS Compliant

Rev.E

Features

- Wide Input Voltage Range
- Fixed Switching Frequency
- Power Good Signal
- Remote On/Off
- Remote Sense
- Ability to Sink and Source Current
- Cost Efficient Open Frame Design
- Over Temperature Protection
- **Output Over Current Protection**



- Flexible output voltage sequencing
- Fixed switching frequency and ability to synchronize with external clock

Tunable LoopTM (a registered trademark of Lineage Power Systems) to

- Class 1, Category 2, Non-Isolated DC/DC Converter (refer to IPC-9592)
- Compliant to RoHS EU Directive 2002/95/EC
- Compatible in a Pb-free or SnPb reflow environment

Optimize Dynamic output voltage response

- *UL** 60950-1Recognized, *CSA*[†] C22.2 No. 60950-1-03 Certified
- VDE[‡] 0805:2001-12 (EN60950-1) Licensed

Applications

- Distributed power architectures
- Intermediate bus voltage applications
- Telecommunications equipment
- Servers and storage applications
- Networking equipment
- Industrial equipment



Description

The SLIN-12E1Ax power modules are non-isolated dc-dc converters that can deliver up to 12A of output current. These modules operate over a wide range of input voltage ($V_{IN} = 4.5 \text{Vdc-} 14 \text{Vdc}$) and provide a precisely regulated output voltage from 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc, programmable via an external resistor. Two new features added with this family of products are the ability to externally tune the voltage control loop and frequency synchronization. Other features include remote On/Off, adjustable output voltage, over current and over temperature protection, power good and output voltage sequencing. The Tunable LoopTM, allows the user to optimize the dynamic response of the converter to match the load with reduced amount of output capacitance leading to savings on cost and PWB area.

Part Selection

Output Voltage	Input Voltage	Max. Output Current	Typical Efficiency	Model Number Active High	Model Number Active Low
0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc	4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc	12 A	94.3%	SLIN-12E1A0	SLIN-12E1AL

Notes: Add "G" suffix at the end of the model number to indicate Tray Packaging.

4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Part Number Explanation

 $\frac{S}{1} \frac{LIN}{2} - \frac{12}{3} \frac{E}{4} \frac{1A}{5} \frac{0}{6}$

1---Surface mount

2---Series code

3---Output current (12A)

4---Wide input voltage range (4.5-14V)

5---Wide output voltage range (0.69-5.5V)

6---Enable, active high, change "0" to "L" means active low

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Continuous Input Voltage	-0.3	-	15	V	
Voltage on SEQ terminal	-0.3	-	Vin	V	
Voltage on SYNC terminal	-0.3	-	12	٧	
Voltage on SEQ terminal, SYNC and PG terminals	-0.3	-	6	V	
Operating Ambient Temperature	-40	-	85	°C	
Storage Temperature	-55	-	125	°C	

Note: Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect the device reliability.

Input Specifications

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Operating Input Voltage	4.5	-	14	V	
Input Current (full load)	-	-	11.5	Α	V _{IN} =4.5V to 14V
Input Current (no load)	-	26	-	mA	Vo=0.69V, V _{IN} =10V, I _O =0, module enabled
Input Current (no load)	-	60	-	mA	Vo=3.3V, V _{IN} =12V, I _O =0, module enabled
Input Stand-by Current	-	1.2	-	mA	V _{IN} = 12V, module disabled
Input Reflected Ripple Current (pk-pk)	-	70	-	mA	5Hz to 20MHz, 1 μ H source impedance; V _{IN} =0 to 14V, I _O = I _{Omax}
I ² t Inrush Current Transient	-	-	1	A ² s	
Input Ripple Rejection (120Hz)	-	45	-	dB	
Turn-on Threshold	-	4.45	-	V	
Turn-off Threshold	-	4.2	-	V	
Hysteresis	-	0.25	-	V	

CAUTION: This converter is not internally fused. An input line fuse must be used in application.

This power module can be used in a wide variety of applications, ranging from simple standalone operation to an integrated part of sophisticated power architecture. To preserve maximum flexibility, internal fusing is not included; however, to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. The safety agencies require a fast-acting fuse with a maximum rating of 15A. Based on the information provided in this data sheet on inrush energy and maximum dc input current, the same type of fuse with a lower rating can be used. Refer to the fuse manufacturer's data sheet for further information.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Output Specifications

Paramet		Min	Тур) Ma	X	Unit			Notes	
Output Voltage Se	et Point	-1.5	-	+1.	.5	%Vo,se	T I		0.5% tolerance for external resistor used to output voltage	
Output Voltage		-2.5	-	+2.	.5	%Vo,se			er all operating input voltage, resistive load, temperature conditions until end of life	
Adjustment Range	e ¹	0.69	-	5.5	5	V		sele	ected by an external resistor	
Remote Sense Ra	ange	-	-	0.9	5	V				
Load Regulation	$V_{O} \geqslant 2.5V$ $V_{O} \le 2.5V$			10		mV mV		I _O =I _{O, min} to I _{O, max}		
Line Regulation	$V_0 \geqslant 2.5V$ $V_0 \le 2.5V$	-		0. ₄		%Vo,se mV	t	V _{IN} =V _{IN, min} to V _{IN, max}		
Temperature Reg (-40°C to +85°C)	ulation	-	-	0.9	5	%Vo,se	t	۷o٠	$<$ 2.5V, T_{ref} = $T_{A, min}$ to $T_{A, max}$	
Ripple and Noise	(pk-pk)	-	65	80)	mV		5Hz	to 20MHz BW, $V_{IN}=V_{IN, nom}$ and $I_O=I_{O, min}$ to	
Ripple and Noise	(rms)	-	23	28	3	mV		$I_{O, max}$ Co = 0.1µF // 10 µF ceramic capacite		
Output Current Ra	ange	0	-	12	2	Α				
Output DC Curren	t Limit	-	-	15	0	%lo,ma	ax Hiccup Mode		cup Mode	
Output Short-Circ	uit Current	-	-	2		Α		Vo≤250mV, Hiccup Mode		
ESF	ce^2 SR \geqslant 1 mΩ R \geqslant 0.15 mΩ SR \geqslant 10 mΩ	0 0 0	- - -	10 100 500	00	uF uF uF		Without the Tunable Loop TM With the Tunable Loop TM With the Tunable Loop TM		
		-	2	-		mS		Case 1: On/Off input is enabled and then inp power is applied (delay from instant at which V _{IN} = V _{IN, min} until Vo =10% of Vo, set)		
Turn-On Delay Tir	ne	-	2	-		mS		Case 2: Input power is applied for at least second and then the On/Off input is enable (delay from instant at which Von/Off is enauntil Vo =10% of Vo, set)		
Output voltage Ris	se time	-	5	-		mS			e for Vo to rise from 10% of Vo, set to 90% of, set	
Output voltage overshoot		-	-	3		%Vo,se			=Vin, min to Vin, max, lo=lo, min to lo, max, n or without maximum external capacitance	
Dynamic Load R	esponse	ı	l	1						
△V50%~100%	Overshoo	ot	-			-	m	V		
of Max Load	Settling Tir	ne	-	50		-	u:	S	di/dt=1A/us, Vin=Vin,nom, Ta=25°C, with a 1μF ceramic capacitor and a 10μF ceramic	
△V100%~50%	Overshoo	ot	-	400		-	m	V	capacitor.	
of Max Load	Settling Tir	ne	-	50		-	u:	JS.		

- Notes: 1. Some output voltages may not be possible depending on the input voltage.

 2. External capacitors may require using the new Tunable LoopTM feature to ensure that the module is stable as well as getting the best transient response (See the Tunable LoopTM section for details).
 - 3. Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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General Specifications

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Efficiency					
Vo=0.69V	-	76.0	-	%	
Vo=1.2V	-	83.0	-	%	Vin= 12Vdc, Ta=25°C
Vo=1.8V Vo=2.5V	-	87.6 90.2	-	% %	lo=lo, max , Vo= Vo,set (for Vo=0.69V, Vin=10Vdc)
Vo=2.3V Vo=3.3V	-	92.2	_	%	(101 00-0.090, 0111-10000)
Vo=5.0V	-	94.3	-	%	
Switching Frequency	-	500	-	kHz	
Over Temperature Protection	-	133	-	°C	
Sequencing Delay time	-	10	-	mS	Delay from V _{IN, min} to application of voltage on SEQ pin
Tracking Accuracy Power-Up: 0.5V/ms Power-Down: 0.5V/ms	- -	-	100 150	mV mV	Vin, min to Vin, max; Io, min to Io, max, Vseq < Vo
PGOOD (Power Good) Output Voltage Limit for PGOOD Pulldown resistance of PGOOD pin	84	- 7	116 50	%Vo,set	Signal Interface Open Drain, Vsupply ≤ 5Vdc
Weight	-	3.68	-	g	
MTBF	8,096,640			hours	Calculated Per Bell Core SR-332 (Io=0.8Io, max, Ta=40°C, Telecordia Method)
Dimensions Inches (L \times W \times H) Millimeters (L \times W \times H)	0.80 x 0.45 x 0.334 20.32 x 11.43 x 8.5			-	
Frequency Synchronization					
Synchronization Frequency Range	520 -		600	KHz	
High-Level Input Voltage	2.5	-	-	V	
Low-Level Input Voltage	-	-	0.8	V	
Input Current, SYNC	-	-	1	mA	
Minimum Pulse Width, SYNC	250	-	-	nS	
Minimum Setup/Hold Time, SYNC	250	-	-	nS	

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

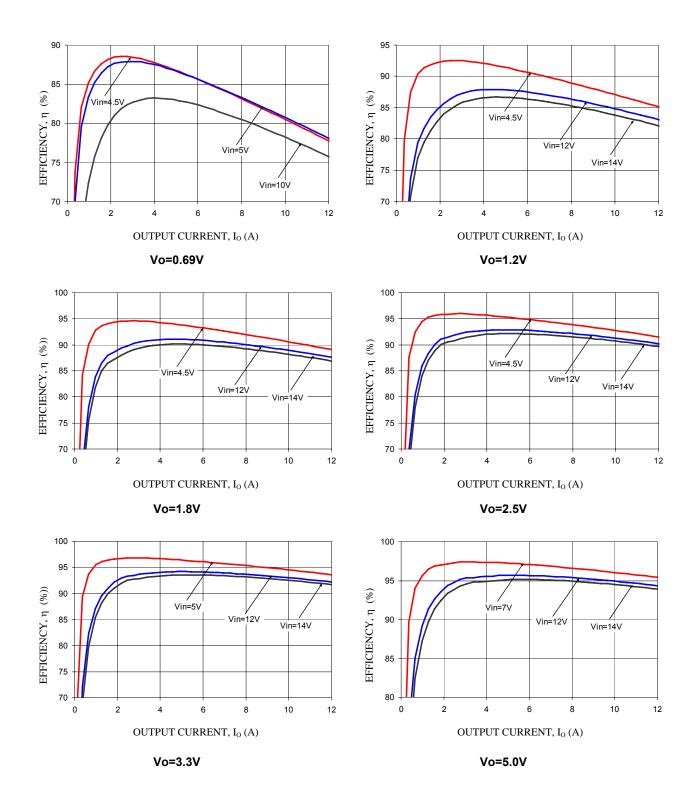
4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Efficiency Data



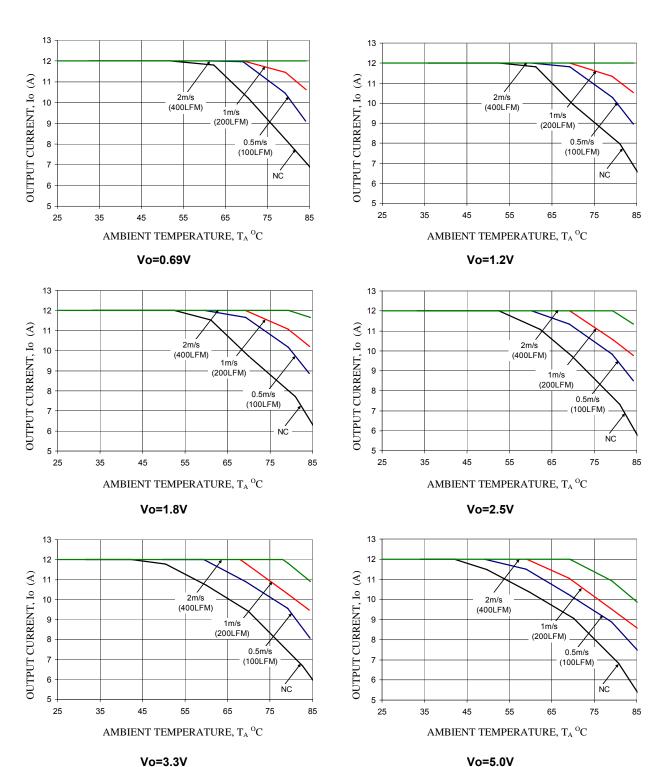
4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Thermal Derating Curves



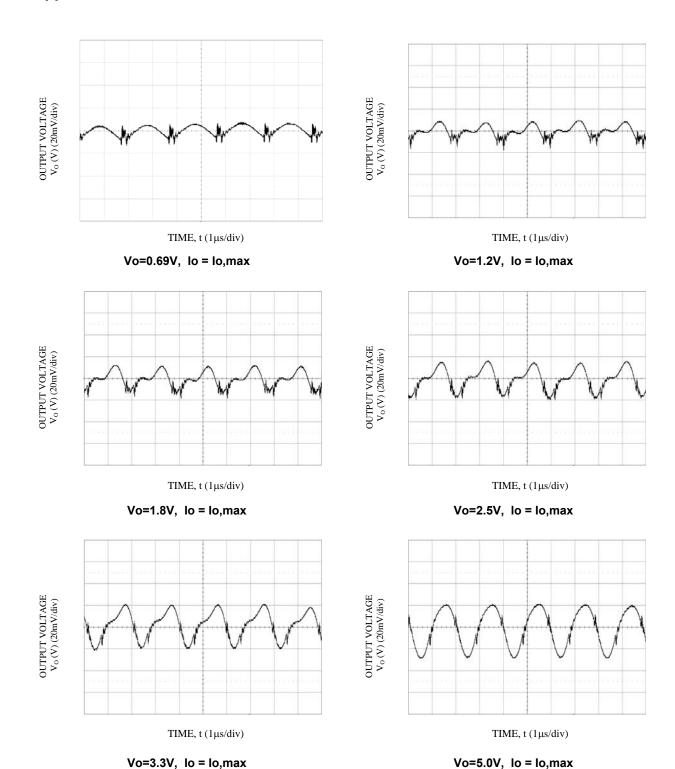
4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Ripple and Noise Waveforms



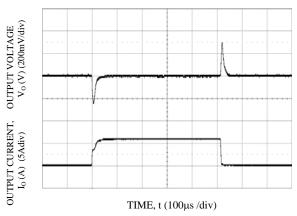
4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



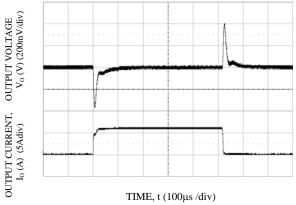
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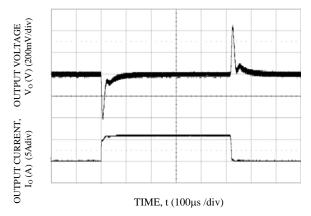
Transient Response Waveforms



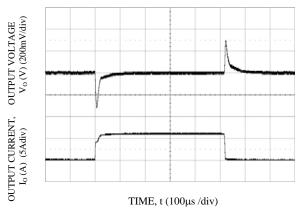
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 0% to 50% to 0%. Vo=0.69V



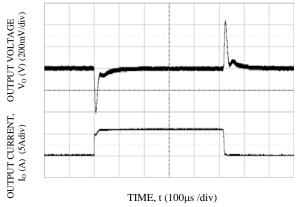
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 0% to 50% to 0%. Vo=1.8V



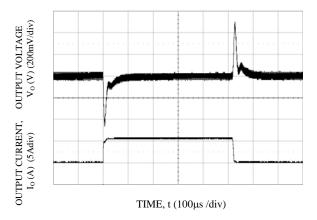
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 0% to 50% to 0%. Vo=3.3V



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 0% to 50% to 0%. Vo=1.2V



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 0% to 50% to 0%. Vo=2.5V



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 0% to 50% to 0%. Vo=5.0V

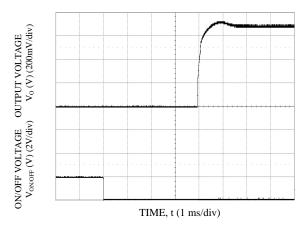
4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



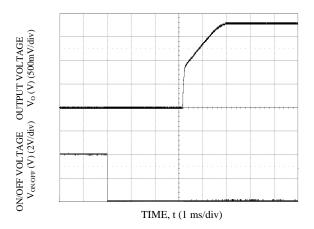
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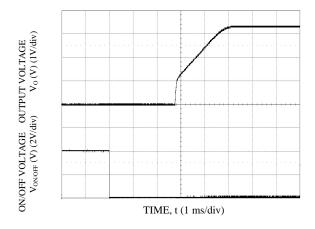
Startup Time



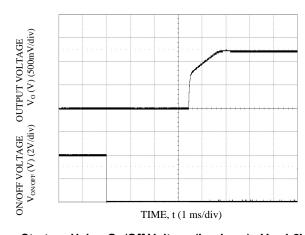
Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max), Vo=0.69V



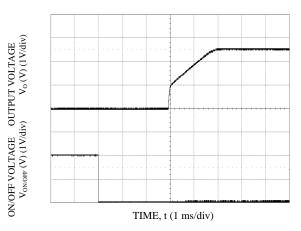
Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max), Vo=1.8V



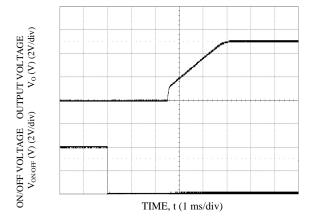
Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max), Vo=3.3V



Start-up Using On/Off Voltage ($I_0 = I_{o,max}$), Vo=1.2V



Start-up Using On/Off Voltage ($I_0 = I_{0,max}$), Vo=2.5V



Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max), Vo=5.0V

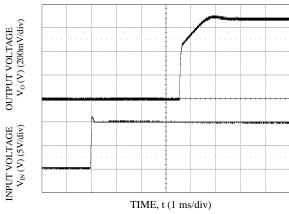
4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



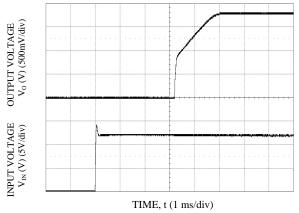
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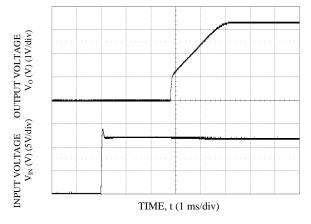
Startup Time (continued)



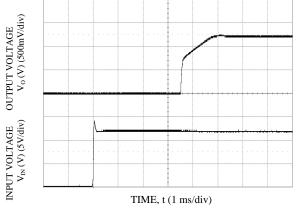
Start-up Using Input Voltage ($V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_0 = I_{o,max}$), Vo=0.69V



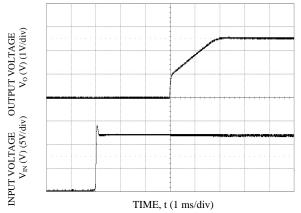
Start-up Using Input Voltage ($V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_o = I_{o,max}$), $V_{o}=1.8V$



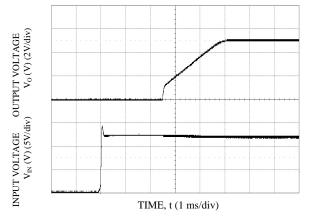
Start-up Using Input Voltage (V_{IN} = 12V, I_o = I_{o,max}), Vo=3.3V



Start-up Using Input Voltage ($V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_0 = I_{o,max}$), $V_0=1.2V$



Start-up Using Input Voltage (V_{IN} = 12V, I_o = $I_{o,max}$), V_o =2.5V



Start-up Using Input Voltage (V_{IN} = 12V, I_0 = $I_{o,max}$), Vo=5.0V

4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs

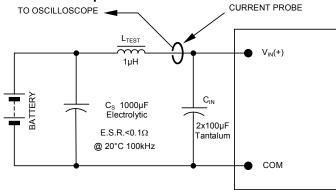


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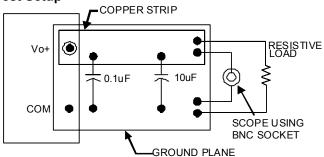
Test Configurations

Input Reflected Ripple Current Test Setup.



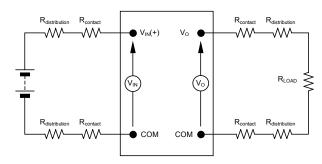
NOTE: Measure input reflected ripple current with a simulated source inductance (L_{TEST}) of 1µH. Capacitor C_S offsets possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown above.

Output Ripple and Noise Test Setup



NOTE: All voltage measurements to be taken at the module terminals, as shown above. If sockets are used then Kelvin connections are required at the module terminals to avoid measurement errors due to socket contact resistance.

Output Voltage and Efficiency Test Setup



NOTE: All voltage measurements to be taken at the module terminals, as shown above. If sockets are used then Kelvin connections are required at the module terminals to avoid measurement errors due to socket contact resistance.

Efficiency
$$\eta = \frac{V_0. I_0}{V_{IN. IIN}} \times 100 \%$$

4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



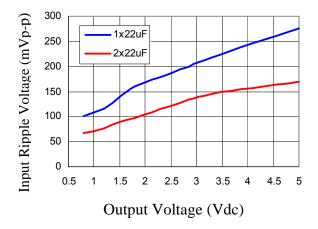
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Input Filtering

The SLIN-12E1Ax should be connected to a low ac-impedance source. A highly inductive source can affect the stability of the module. Input capacitance must be placed directly adjacent to the input pin of the module, to minimize input ripple voltage and ensure module stability.

To minimize input voltage ripple, ceramic capacitors are recommended at the input of the module. Below figure shows the input ripple voltage for various output voltages at 12A of load current with 1x22 μ F or 2x22 μ F ceramic capacitors and an input of 12V.



Note: Input ripple voltage for various output voltages with $1x22 \mu F$ or $2x22 \mu F$ ceramic capacitors at the input (12A load). Input voltage is 12V.

Output Filtering

The SLIN-12E1Ax modules are designed for low output ripple voltage and will meet the maximum output ripple specification with 0.1 μ F ceramic and 10 μ F ceramic capacitors at the output of the module. However, additional output filtering may be required by the system designer for a number of reasons. First, there may be a need to further reduce the output ripple and noise of the module. Second, the dynamic response characteristics may need to be customized to a particular load step change.

To reduce the output ripple and improve the dynamic response to a step load change, additional capacitance at the output can be used. Low ESR polymer and ceramic capacitors are recommended to improve the dynamic response of the module. Below figure provides output ripple information for different external capacitance values at various Vo and for a load current of 12A. For stable operation of the module, limit the capacitance to less than the maximum output capacitance as specified in the electrical specification table. Optimal performance of the module can be achieved by using the Tunable LoopTM feature described later in this data sheet.

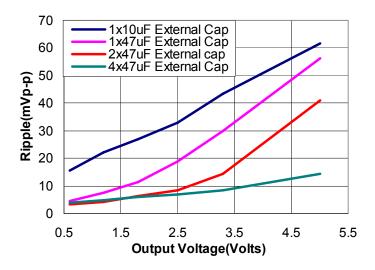
4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Output Filtering (continued)



Note: Output ripple voltage for various output voltages with external 1x10 μF, 1x47 μF, 2x47 μF or 4x47 μF ceramic capacitors at the output (12A load). Input voltage is 12V.

Safety Considerations

For safety agency approval the power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-use safety agency standards, i.e., UL 60950-1, CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, and VDE 0850:2001-12 (EN60950-1) Licensed.

For the converter output to be considered meeting the requirements of safety extra-low voltage (SELV), the input must meet SELV requirements. The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV. The input to these units is to be provided with a fast-acting fuse with a maximum rating of 12A in the positive input lead.

4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



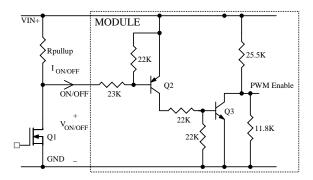
November 5, 2009 Remote On/Off

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Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Signal Low (Unit On)	Active Low	0	-	1	V	The remote on/off pin open, Unit off.
Signal High (Unit Off)	Active Low	2.0	-	Vin,max	V	The remote on/on pin open, onit on.
Signal Low (Unit Off)	Activo High	-	-	3.5	V	The remote on/off pin open, Unit on.
Signal High (Unit On)	Active High	Vin-1	-	Vin,max	V	The remote on/on pin open, onit on.

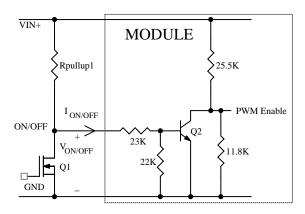
The SLIN-12E1Ax modules feature an On/Off pin for remote On/Off operation. Two On/Off logic options are available. In the Positive Logic On/Off option, the module turns ON during a logic High on the On/Off pin and turns OFF during a logic Low. With the Negative Logic On/Off option, the module turns OFF during logic High and ON during logic Low. The On/Off signal is always referenced to ground. For either On/Off logic option, leaving the On/Off pin disconnected will turn the module ON when input voltage is present.

For positive logic modules, the circuit configuration for using the On/Off pin is shown in below figure. When the external transistor Q1 is in the OFF state, the internal PWM Enable signal is pulled high through an internal $24.9k\Omega$ resistor and the external pullup resistor and the module is ON. When transistor Q1 is turned ON, the On/Off pin is pulled low and the module is OFF. A suggested value for R_{pullup} is $20k\Omega$.



Circuit configuration for using positive On/Off logic

For negative logic On/Off modules, the circuit configuration is shown in below. The On/Off pin should be pulled high with an external pull-up resistor (suggested value for the 4.5V to 14V input range is 20Kohms). When transistor Q2 is in the OFF state, the On/Off pin is pulled high, transistor Q1 is turned ON and the module is OFF. To turn the module ON, Q2 is turned ON pulling the On/Off pin low, turning transistor Q1 OFF resulting in the PWM Enable pin going high and the module turning ON.



Circuit configuration for using negative On/Off logic

4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Over Current Protection

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current-limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting continuously. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit enters hiccup mode. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

Over Temperature Protection

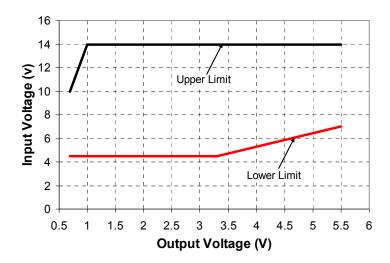
To provide protection in a fault condition, the unit is equipped with a thermal shutdown circuit. The unit will shutdown if the over temperature threshold of 133° C is exceeded at the thermal reference point Tref . The thermal shutdown is not intended as a guarantee that the unit will survive temperatures beyond its rating. Once the unit goes into thermal shutdown it will then wait to cool before attempting to restart.

Input Under-voltage Lockout

At input voltages below the input under voltage lockout limit, the module operation is disabled. The module will begin to operate at an input voltage above the under voltage lockout turn-on threshold.

Output Voltage Programming

The output voltage of the SLIN-12E1Ax modules can be programmed to any voltage from 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc by connecting a resistor between the Trim and GND pins of the module. Certain restrictions apply on the output voltage set point depending on the input voltage. These are shown in below. The Limit curve shows that for output voltages of 0.9V and lower, the input voltage must be lower than the maximum of 14V. The Lower Limit curve shows that for output voltages of 3.3V and higher, the input voltage needs to be larger than the minimum of 4.5V.



Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage Set Point Area plot showing limits where the output voltage can be set for different input voltages.

4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Output Trim Equations

Without an external resistor between Trim and GND pins, the output of the module will be 0.69Vdc. To calculate the value of the trim resistor, *Rtrim* for a desired output voltage, use the following equation:

$$Rtrim = \left[\frac{6.9}{(Vo - 0.69)}\right] k\Omega$$

Rtrim is the external resistor in $k\Omega$ Vo is the desired output voltage.

Table 1 provides Rtrim values required for some common output voltages.

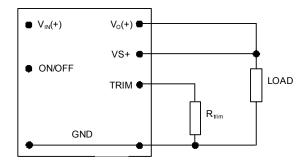
Table 1

V _{O, set} (V)	Rtrim (KΩ)
0.7	690
1.0	22.26
1.2	13.53
1.5	8.519
1.8	6.216
2.5	3.812
3.3	2.644
5.0	1.601

By using a $\pm 0.5\%$ tolerance trim resistor with a TC of ± 100 ppm, a set point tolerance of $\pm 1.5\%$ can be achieved as specified in the electrical specification.

Remote Sense

The SLIN-12E1Ax power modules have a Remote Sense feature to minimize the effects of distribution losses by regulating the voltage between the VS+ and VS- pins. The voltage between the VS- and GND pins of the module must not drop below -0.2V. If Remote Sense is being used, the voltage between VS+ and VS- cannot be more than 0.5V larger than the voltage between VOUT and GND. Note that the output voltage of the module cannot exceed the specified maximum value. When the Remote Sense feature is not being used, connect the VS+ pin to the VOUT pin and the VS- pin to the GND pin.



Circuit configuration for programming output voltage using an external resistor

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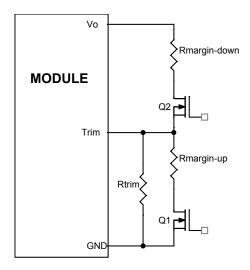
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Startup into Pre-biased Output

The SLIN-12E1Ax modules can start into a prebiased output as long as the prebias voltage is 0.5V less than the set output voltage. Note that prebias operation is not supported when output voltage sequencing is used.

Voltage Margining

Output voltage margining can be implemented in the SLIN-12E1Ax modules by connecting a resistor, $R_{\text{margin-up}}$, from the Trim pin to the ground pin for margining-up the output voltage and by connecting a resistor, $R_{\text{margin-down}}$, from the Trim pin to output pin for margining-down.



Circuit Configuration for margining Output voltage

Monotonic Start-up and Shutdown

The SLIN-12E1Ax modules have monotonic start-up and shutdown behavior for any combination of rated input voltage, output current and operating temperature range.

Output Voltage Sequencing

The SLIN-12E1Ax modules include a sequencing feature that enables users to implement various types of output voltage sequencing in their applications. This is accomplished via an additional sequencing pin. When not using the sequencing feature, either tie the SEQ pin to VIN or leave it unconnected.

When an analog voltage is applied to the SEQ pin, the output voltage tracks this voltage until the output reaches the set-point voltage. The final value of the SEQ voltage must be set higher than the set-point voltage of the module. The output voltage follows the voltage on the SEQ pin on a one-to-one volt basis. By connecting multiple modules together, multiple modules can track their output voltages to the voltage applied on the SEQ pin.

For proper voltage sequencing, first, input voltage is applied to the module. The On/Off pin of the module is left unconnected (or tied to GND for negative logic modules or tied to VIN for positive logic modules) so that the module is ON by default.

4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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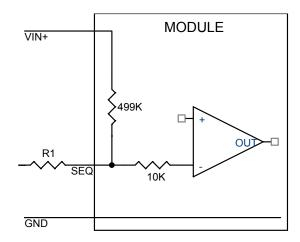
Output Voltage Sequencing (continued)

After applying input voltage to the module, a minimum 10msec delay is required before applying voltage on the SEQ pin. During this time, a voltage of 50mV (± 20 mV) is maintained on the SEQ pin.

This can be done by applying the sequencing voltage through a resistor R1connected in series with the SEQ pin. This delay gives the module enough time to complete its internal power-up soft-start cycle. During the delay time, the SEQ pin should be held close to ground (nominally $50\text{mV} \pm 20\text{ mV}$). This is required to keep the internal opamp out of saturation thus preventing output overshoot during the start of the sequencing ramp. By selecting resistor R1 according to the following equation:

$$R1 = \frac{24950}{V_{IN} - 0.05}$$
 ohms

The voltage at the sequencing pin will be 50mV when the sequencing signal is at zero.



Circuit showing connection of the sequencing signal to the SEQ pin

After the 10msec delay, an analog voltage is applied to the SEQ pin and the output voltage of the module will track this voltage on a one-to-one volt bases until the output reaches the set-point voltage. To initiate simultaneous shutdown of the modules, the SEQ pin voltage is lowered in a controlled manner. The output voltage of the modules tracks the voltages below their set-point voltages on a one-to-one basis. A valid input voltage must be maintained until the tracking and output voltages reach ground potential.

When using the sequencing feature to control start-up of the module, pre-bias immunity during start-up is disabled. The pre-bias immunity feature of the module relies on the module being in the diode-mode during start-up. When using the sequencing feature, modules goes through an internal set-up time of 10msec, and will be in synchronous rectification mode when the voltage at the SEQ pin is applied. This will result in the module sinking current if a pre-bias voltage is present at the output of the module. When pre-bias immunity during start-up is required, the sequencing feature must be disabled. For additional guidelines on using the sequencing feature please contact the Bel Power technical representative for additional information.

4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Power Good

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The SLIN-12E1Ax modules provide a Power Good (PGOOD) signal that is implemented with an open-drain output to indicate that the output voltage is within the regulation limits of the power module. The PGOOD signal will be de-asserted to a low state if any condition such as over temperature, over current or loss of regulation occurs that would result in the output voltage going $\pm 10\%$ outside the set point value. The PGOOD terminal should be connected through a pull-up resistor (suggested value $100K\Omega$) to a source of 5VDC or less.

Synchronization

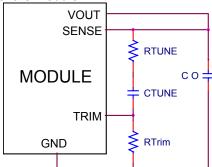
The SLIN-12E1Ax modules can be synchronized using an external signal. Details of the SYNC signal are provided in the Electrical Specifications table. If the synchronization function is not being used, leave the SYNC pin floating.

Tunable Loop[™]

The SLIN-12E1Ax modules have a new feature that optimizes transient response of the module called Tunable LoopTM.

External capacitors are usually added to the output of the module for two reasons: to reduce output ripple and noise and to reduce output voltage deviations from the steady-state value in the presence of dynamic load current changes. Adding external capacitance however affects the voltage control loop of the module, typically causing the loop to slow down with sluggish response. Larger values of external capacitance could also cause the module to become unstable.

The Tunable LoopTM allows the user to externally adjust the voltage control loop to match the filter network connected to the output of the module. The Tunable LoopTM is implemented by connecting a series R-C between the SENSE and TRIM pins of the module, as shown below. This R-C allows the user to externally adjust the voltage loop feedback compensation of the module.



Circuit diagram showing connection of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} to tune the control loop of the module

Recommended values of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} for different output capacitor combinations are given in below Tables 2 and 3. Table 2 shows the recommended values of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} for different values of ceramic output capacitors up to 470uF that might be needed for an application to meet output ripple and noise requirements. Selecting R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} according to Table 2 will ensure stable operation of the module.

In applications with tight output voltage limits in the presence of dynamic current loading, additional output capacitance will be required. Table 3 lists recommended values of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} in order to meet 2% output voltage deviation limits for some common output voltages in the presence of a 6A to 12A step change (50% of full load), with an input voltage of 12V.

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Tunable Loop[™] (Continued)

Table 2.General recommended values of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} for Vin=12V and various external ceramic capacitor combinations.

Со	1x47μF	2x47μF	4x47μF	10x47μF	20x47μF
R _{TUNE}	470	270	150	150	150
C _{TUNE}	1000pF	3300pF	4700pF	8200pF	12nF

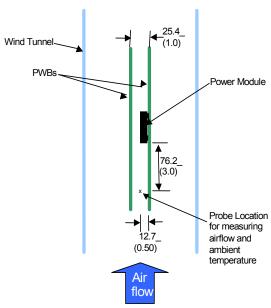
Table 3.Recommended values of R_{TUNE} and $C_{\text{TUNE to}}$ obtain transient deviation of \leq 2% of Vout for a 6A step load with Vin=12V.

Vo	5V	3.3V	2.5V	1.8V	1.2V	0.69V
Co	4x47μF	1x47μF + 330μF	2x47μF + 330μF	6x47μF + 330μF	6x47μF + 2x330μF	4x47μF + 6x330μF
00	4λ47 μΓ	Polymer	Polymer	Polymer	Polymer	Polymer
R _{TUNE}	270	220	220	220	150	150
C _{TUNE}	3300pF	4700pF	6800pF	18nF	33nF	100nF
ΔV	91mV	60mV	47mV	35mV	23mV	12mV

Thermal Considerations

Power modules operate in a variety of thermal environments; however, sufficient cooling should always be provided to help ensure reliable operation.

Considerations include ambient temperature, airflow, module power dissipation, and the need for increased reliability. A reduction in the operating temperature of the module will result in an increase in reliability. The thermal data presented here is based on physical measurements taken in a wind tunnel. The test set-up is shown below.



Thermal Test Setup

4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs

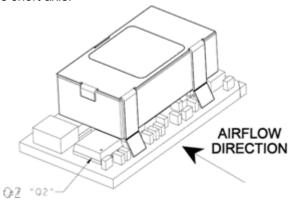


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Thermal Considerations (continued)

The preferred airflow direction and the thermal reference points, T_{ref} used in the specifications are also shown in below. For reliable operation the temperatures at these points should not exceed 125°C. The output power of the module should not exceed the rated power of the module (Vo,set x Io,max). The derating data applies to airflow in either direction of the module's short axis.



Preferred airflow direction and location of hot-spot of the module (Tref).

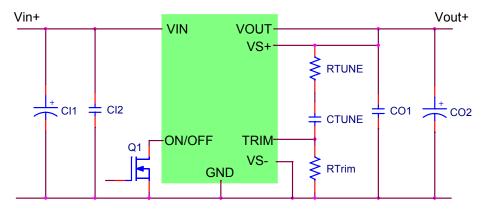
Example Application Circuit

Requirements:

Vin: 12V Vout: 1.8V

lout: 9.0A max., worst case load transient is from 6A to 9A Δ Vout: 1.5% of Vout (27mV) for worst case load transient

Vin, ripple 1.5% of Vin (180mV, p-p)



CI1 22µF/16V ceramic capacitor (e.g. Murata GRM32ER61C226KE20)

CI2 100µF/16V bulk electrolytic

CO1 6 x 47μF/6.3V ceramic capacitor (e.g. Murata GRM31CR60J476ME19)

CO2 330µF/6.3V Polymer (e.g. Sanyo, Poscap)

CTune 15nF ceramic capacitor (can be 1206, 0805 or 0603 size) RTune 150 ohms SMT resistor (can be 1206, 0805 or 0603 size)

RTrim 6.19k Ω SMT resistor (can be 1206, 0805 or 0603 size, recommended tolerance of 0.1%)

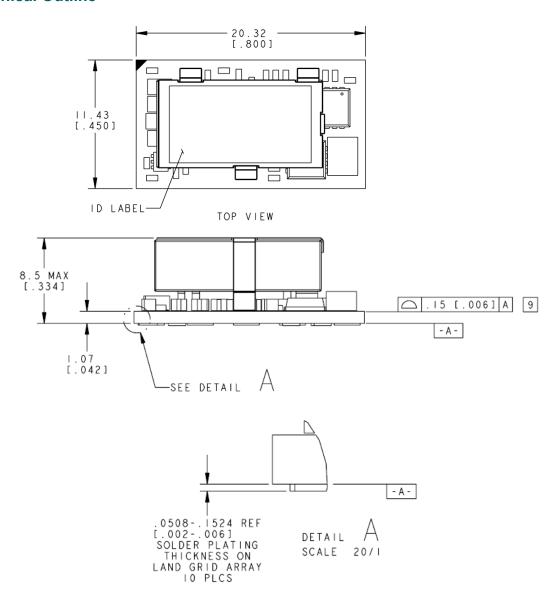
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Mechanical Outline



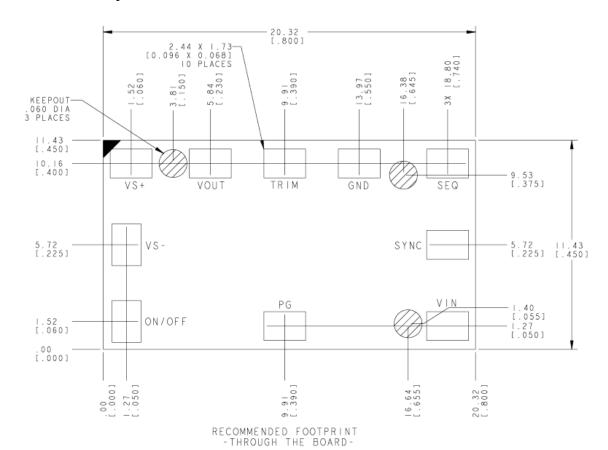
4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



November 5, 2009 Mechanical Outline (continued)

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Recommended Pad Layout



PIN **FUNCTION** ON/OFF 1 2 VIN SEQ 3 4 GND 5 TRIM 6 **VOUT** 7 VS+ 8 VS-PG 9 10 SYNC

Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Tolerances: x.x mm \pm 0.5 mm (x.xx in. \pm 0.02 in.) [unless otherwise indicated] x.xx mm \pm 0.25 mm (x.xxx in \pm 0.010 in.)

Note: This module is recommended and compatible with Pb-Free Reflow Soldering and must be soldered using a reflow profile with a peak temperature of no more than 260 °C for less than 5 seconds.

4.5 Vdc - 14 Vdc Input, 0.69 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs

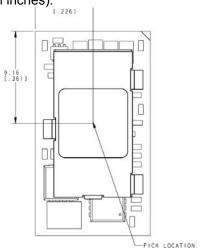


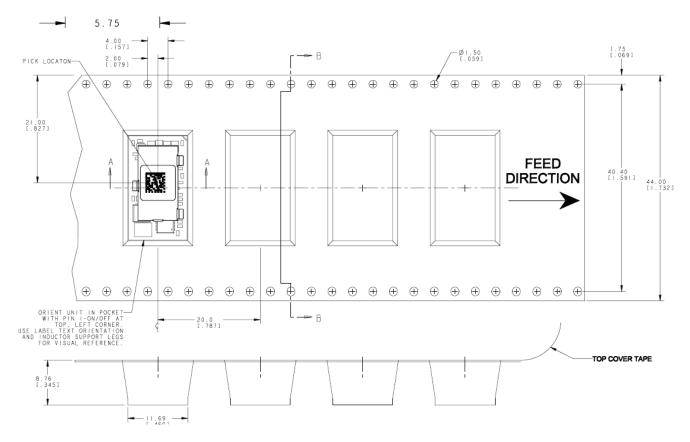
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Packaging Details

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The SLIN-12E1Ax modules are supplied in tape & reel as standard. Modules are shipped in quantities of 250 modules per reel.

All Dimensions are in millimeters and (in inches).





Reel Dimensions:

Outside Dimensions: 330.2 mm (13.00")
Inside Dimensions: 177.8 mm (7.00")
Tape Width: 44.00 mm (1.732")

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Surface Mount Information

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Pick and Place

The SLIN-12E1Ax modules use an open frame construction and are designed for a fully automated assembly process. The modules are fitted with a label designed to provide a large surface area for pick and place operations. The label meets all the requirements for surface mount processing, as well as safety standards, and is able to withstand reflow temperatures of up to 300°C. The label also carries product information such as part number and serial number.

Nozzle Recommendations

The module weight has been kept to a minimum by using open frame construction. Variables such as nozzle size, tip style, vacuum pressure and placement speed should be considered to optimize this process. The minimum recommended inside nozzle diameter for reliable operation is 3mm. The maximum nozzle outer diameter, which will safely fit within the allowable component spacing, is 7 mm.

Lead Free Soldering

The SLIN-12E1Ax modules are lead-free (Pb-free) and RoHS compliant and fully compatible in a Pb-free soldering process. Failure to observe the instructions below may result in the failure of or cause damage to the modules and can adversely affect long-term reliability.

Pb-Free Reflow Profile

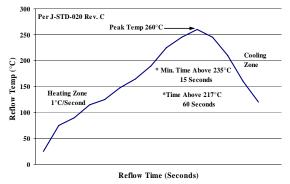
Power Systems will comply with J-STD-020 Rev. C (Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices) for both Pb-free solder profiles and MSL classification procedures. This standard provides a recommended forced-air-convection reflow profile based on the volume and thickness of the package. The suggested Pb-free solder paste is Sn/Ag/Cu (SAC). The recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder is shown in the figure below. Soldering outside of the recommended profile requires testing to verify results and performance.

MSL Rating

The SLIN-12E1Ax modules have a MSL rating of 2.

Storage and Handling

The recommended storage environment and handling procedures for moisture-sensitive surface mount packages is detailed in J-STD-033 Rev. A (Handling, Packing, Shipping and Use of Moisture/Reflow Sensitive Surface Mount Devices). Moisture barrier bags (MBB) with desiccant are required for MSL ratings of 2 or greater. These sealed packages should not be broken until time of use. Once the original package is broken, the floor life of the product at conditions of $\leq 30^{\circ}$ C and 60% relative humidity varies according to the MSL rating (see J-STD-033A). The shelf life for dry packed SMT packages will be a minimum of 12 months from the bag seal date, when stored at the following conditions: $< 40^{\circ}$ C, < 90% relative humidity.



Recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder.

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Post Solder Cleaning and Drying Considerations

Post solder cleaning is usually the final circuit-board assembly process prior to electrical board testing. The result of inadequate cleaning and drying can affect both the reliability of a power module and the testability of the finished circuit-board assembly.

Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes Detail	Approval
2009-6-1	Α	First release	T. Bubriski
2009-6-25	В	Section "Surface Mount Information" added.	T. Bubriski
2009-9-1	С	Tunable Loop [™] logo added.	T. Bubriski
2009-10-8	D	Updated Startup Time waveforms on page 10.	T. Bubriski
2009-11-5	E	Corrected I/P Reflected Ripple Current.	T. Bubriski

RoHS Compliance

Complies with the European Directive 2002/95/EC, calling for the elimination of lead and other hazardous substances from electronic products.



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